



## Ultrasonic Distance and Proximity Sensors UPK Series

- Measuring distances from 80mm up to 5m
- High detection sensitivity
- Very low profile, small size
- Versions with analogue and /or binary output
- Versions with synchronisation input
- Measurement independent of material, surface, colour and size of target
- Works under dust, dirt, fog, bright light
- Detects transparent and bright objects
- Protection class IP 67, fully watertight, robust
- M8 connector for screw or snap-on
- Versions with shielded integrated cable
- Customised versions available
- Swiss made precision



Technical specifications		UPK 500	UPK 1000	UPK 2500	UPK 5000
Detection range nominal, with standard versions	mm	80 - 500	135 -1000	250 - 2500	400 - 5000
Detection range POR-Version for bigger objects	mm	80 - 800	135 - 1500	250 - 3000	400 - 6500
Blind range (no reasonable analogue signal)	mm	0 - 80	0 - 135	0 - 250	0 - 400
Adjustment range of binary output (with potentiometer)	mm	80 - 500	135 - 1000	250 - 2500	400 - 5000
Hysteresis of binary output, axial, @ FSnom.	mm	15	25	40	80
Resolution	%FS	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Linearity	%FS		<±0	.5%	
Temperature error below –20°C, above 50°C	%		<	1	
Over all accuracy in whole temperature range	%FS		±	1	
Operating frequency	kHz	180	180	120	80
Status indicator	-		LED red	d/green	
Binary output, short circuit proof, max. 0.1A	-		by choice PNP	, NPN, NO, NC	
Switching speed max.	Hz	8	5	3	2
ton / toff (binary output @ 50%FS, wo. background)	ms	50 / 80	130 / 90	200 / 120	700 / 140
Analogue output in detection range (Versions)					
$R_L$ min. 10k $\Omega$ with V output	V		(0) - 10 bz\		
$R_L$ max. 400Ω with mA output	mA		(4) - 20mA bz	w. (20) - 4mA	
Ripple of analogue output @ FSnom.	mV	±60	±20	±15	±20
Tracking speed of analogue output	s/95%FS	0.06	0.25	0.4	<2
Power supply voltage (reversal polarity protection)	VDC		15 -	- 30	
Ripple of supply voltage	%		<1	10	
Mean consumption, switched without load	mA	60	60	60	65
			version with mA	output +20mA	
Peak current, switched without load	mA	85/0.1ms	85/0.1ms	95/0.2ms	100/0.3ms
Temperature coefficient of air path	%/°K	-0.17 (inc	reasing tempera		ecreases)
Ambient temperature during operation	°C		-20°C min		
Sensor temperature during operation	°C		-20°C min		
Pressure range	mbar <sub>abs</sub>		900 -	1100	



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#### Technical specifications (continued)

Mass without cable	g
Protection class	ĬP
Housing material	-
Electrical connection	-

#### High power density

The outstanding feature of the UPK series is its high acoustic power combined with small sensor size. This is achieved with the new optimized SONARANGE transducers, working at high electrical voltages. Thus also small, moving and poorly reflecting objects can be safely detected. Moreover the sensors work also under high contamination. With a length of 40mm the UPK sensors are the most compact ultrasonic sensors for such high measuring ranges.

#### AGC (Automatic Gain Control)

AGC is exclusively used in the UPK series. It adjusts automatically the detection sensitivity to the reflected signal intensity allowing the detection of very small objects.

#### Temperature compensation

The temperature coefficients of the transducer and the electronics are compensated thanks to a special circuit.

#### Choice of model

The UPK versions differ particularly by their different measuring ranges. The following versions are available for each measuring range:

- Fixed analogue output and 1 adjustable binary output
- 2 individually adjustable binary outputs
- Analogue output with adjustable zero and FS

The analogue outputs are available with 0 - 10V or 4 - 20mA and furthermore with inverted analogue outputs of 10 - 0V or 20 - 4mA. Other versions are available on demand.

#### **Binary outputs**

Binary outputs become active, i.e. they switch on or off, when a scanned object falls below the set distance or if it exceeds it. Each switch point has a hysteresis (see technical specifications). This is the difference between the switch on and switch off point during approach or departure. Hysteresis is necessary for an appropriate switching behaviour.



UPK 1000	UPK 2500	UPK 5000			
90	90	105			
IP67					
Polyamide glass-fibre reinforced					
M8 connector 4 pin or integrated cable					
	90 Polyamide glass	90 90 IP67 Polyamide glass-fibre reinforced			

#### Synchronisation input (Y versions)

The ultrasonic signals can disturb each other when several sensors are focused on the same target or when sensors are mounted too close together. This can be avoided by synchronising the sending pulses. The synchronisation leads of all sensors are connected to each other by shielded cables as short as possible. Since all sensors send then simultaneously, the current consumption increases heavily. Unused synchronisation leads should be isolated.

#### Blind range

The lower detection range is called blind range, it is a typical behaviour of ultrasonic sensors. In the blind range no distance measurement is possible however the pure function as a proximity switch (binary output) is possible in the blind range with certain restrictions (only bigger objects).

#### Inclination angle of object

Smooth surfaces can be detected up to an inclination angle of 10°. However rough and structured (granular) surfaces can be detected up to much higher angles.

#### Cable

All standard versions have a 4 pin M8 connector for screw or snap-on connection. The Y versions with synchronisation input have a shielded integrated cable (l=2m). Special cable lengths and integrated cables instead of connectors are available on demand. The cable should be kept as short as possible. Maximum cable length is approximately 100m, if the cross sectional area is appropriate (peak current <100mA use  $470\mu$ F/35V backup capacitor close to sensor). The cable should not be mounted parallel or close to high current cables.

Cables for connection to the M8 connector can be ordered separately.

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#### Mounting

The UPK sensors have 4 threaded holes on the rear side of the housing. They can be mounted with M4 screws. 4x M4x20mm screws are provided with each sensor. The UPK 5000 versions should be mounted with the damping rubber bush (included) in order to avoid acoustic cross talk. An optional mounting bracket Type UPM made of glass fibre reinforced plastic can be ordered.

#### Power supply

Ideally a power supply is used exclusively for the sensor. The power supply must be able to supply the short peak current of 80 - 100mA for each sensor. In order to avoid disturbances the part where the sensor is mounted must be correctly earthed.

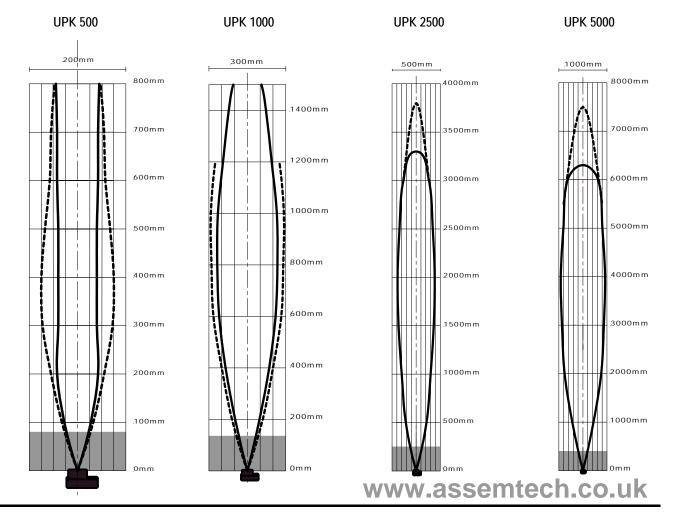
#### **Detection beams**

The detection beam of an ultrasonic sensor generally has the shape of a cone. The size depends on the target and its sound reflecting characteristics. Small and less reflective objects result in a smaller cone (narrower and shorter).



Larger objects and those with surfaces which are not perpendicular to the central axis can expand the cone. The exact cone shape and size can be determined only at the object itself. No disturbing objects must be between the sensor and the target within the cone. Otherwise the sensor would detect the disturbing object instead of the desired target. Below are some typical cone shapes for each sensor type. The solid line shows the range, where the sensor detects flat objects of size A4 (UPK 500/1000) or A3 (UPK 2500/5000) which are perpendicular to the sensor axis. In the dotted range the sensor UPK 500/1000 detects round objects (Ø10mm). For UPK 2500/5000 the dotted range is the area where the sensor detects only large and very well reflecting objects. Furthermore the size of the detection beam is influenced by air temperature and humidity. The colder and dryer the air, the larger the beam is. The extended measuring range (above nominal range) is only available with the POR versions.

No other ultrasonic sensor working at the same frequency should be within the sensing cone, close to it or opposite to it. This is only allowed when using the synchronisation option (Y-versions).





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#### Settings

#### Binary outputs:

The switching distance is set with a 4 turn potentiometer. An object with reasonable size and perpendicular to the sensor axis is placed at the desired distance from the sensor. First the potentiometer is turned to min, 4x counter clockwise to zero (no stop). Then the potentiometer is slowly turned clockwise until the LED illuminates (NO) or expires (NC). Thus the switching distance for the binary output is set. Red corresponds to the output 1 and green to the output 2. The versions with two binary outputs have a bi-coloured LED (red/green).

#### Adjustable analogue outputs:

Zero and full scale (FS) of the analogue outputs can be set on the POR versions with two 4 turn potentiometers. The analogue output has to be monitored with a multi-meter.

#### Zero (= limit close to the sensor):

Zero (e.g. 0V) is at the position of the sensor diaphragm when potentiometer No.1 is turned at least 4x counter clockwise (no stop). If zero is a reasonable distance from the sensor then a relatively large object will be required to ensure reliable detection. The potentiometer is turned min. 4x clockwise (no stop). The reading must then be e.g. 0V or a very small residual value (approx. 0.04V). Then slowly turn



the screw clockwise until the reading starts to increase. This is then the correct setting for the zero.

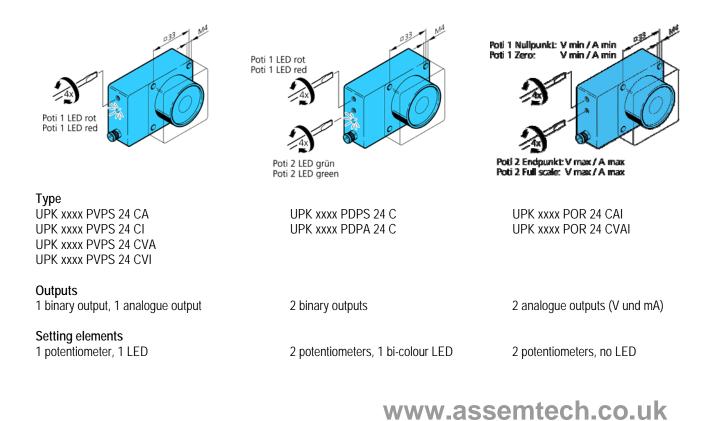
#### Full scale (FS = far limit):

An object with reasonable size is placed at the desired distance. With potentiometer No. 2 the desired reading (e.g. 10V) is then set.

The zero and the gain can be varied within certain limits (see table below). However in the range >100% the sensor will detect only large objects and above a certain distance no objects at all. FS must always be above zero. If the analogue output shall be inverted, i.e. zero above FS, then the inverted version 'V' must be used.

Туре	Zero normal: 0V/4mA inverted: 10V/20mA		normal: 0V/4mA [mm per 10V or 20mA]		
	Min. [mm]	Max. [mm]	Max.	Min.	
UPK 500	0	300	100	800	
UPK 1000	0	500	200	1500	
UPK 2500	0	1500	500	3800	
UPK 5000	0	3000	1000	8000	

Use the miniature screw driver (included) for adjustment of the potentiometers.



# ISO 9001-2008

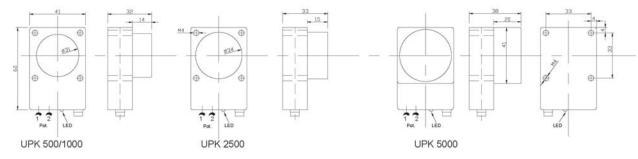
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#### Dimensions



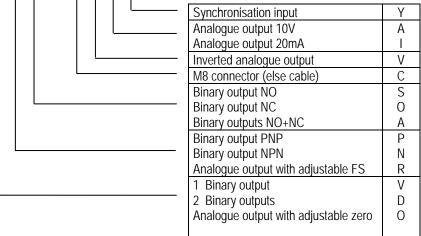
#### Standard versions

1 analogue output + 1 bina	ry output	Schema
UPK XXXX PVPS 24 CA	1 binary output, PNP NO, 1 analogue output 010V, 4-pin connector, 1 pot., 1 LED	А
UPK XXXX PVPS 24 CI	1 binary output, PNP NO, 1 analogue output 420mA, 4-pin connector, 1 pot., 1 LED	А
UPK XXXX PVPS 24 CVA	1 binary output, PNP NO, 1 analogue output 100V, 4-pin connector, 1 pot., 1 LED	А
UPK XXXX PVPS 24 CVI	1 binary output, PNP NO, 1 analogue output 204mA, 4-pin connector, 1 pot., 1 LED	А
2 binary outputs		
UPK XXXX PDPS 24 C	2 binary outputs, PNP NO, 4-pin connector, 2 pot., 1 bi-colour LED	В
UPK XXXX PDPA 24 C	1 binary output, PNP NO, 1 binary output, PNP NC, 4-pin connector, 2 pot., 1 bi-colour LED	В
2 analogue outputs		
UPK XXXX POR 24 CAI	1 analogue output 010V, 1 analogue output 420mA, zero and FS adjustable, 4-pin connector, 2 pot., no LED	С
UPK XXXX POR 24 CVAI	1 analogue output 100V, 1 analogue output 204mA, zero and FS adjustable, 4-pin connector, 2 pot., no LED	С
Option synchronisation in	put	
All versions UPK Y	additionally synchronisation input, integrated shielded cable 2m	D

Nearly all possible versions are available according to the following product key.

Nominal detection range: XXXX: 500 = 500mm, XXXX: 1000 = 1000mm, XXXX: 2500 = 2500mm, XXXX: 5000 = 5000mm

### UPK XXXX P 🛛 🗶 🖓 4 🖓 🖓 🖓



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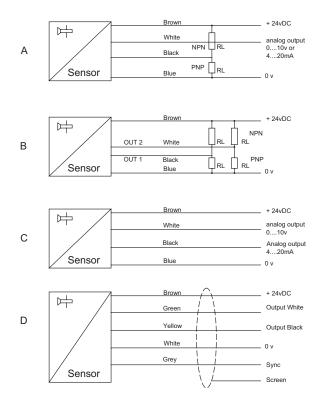
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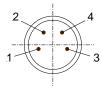
#### **Diagrams of connections**



All versions with integrated cable instead of connector have cable colours according to scheme "D".

#### 4-pin connector

1	brown	3	blue
2	white	4	black



View on the sensor

#### Parts included

- Sensor
- 4 screws M4x20mm for mounting
- UPK 5000: damping rubber for mounting
- Miniature screw driver for potentiometer

#### Some typical ultrasound applications

#### Level measurement

- Measuring levels in small containers
- Water gauge measurement
- Monitoring liquid levels in bottling plants
- Checking for tailbacks on conveyor belts
- Monitoring contents of granular hoppers on injection moulding machines
- Distance monitoring on combine harvesters, beet lifters etc.
- Monitoring ground clearance and distance on agricultural and construction vehicles

#### Process control

- Controlling and monitoring of belt tension
- Sensing and signalling valve positions
- Measuring roll diameter on reeling machines
- Monitoring the height of stacks (pallets, storehouse, assembling machines)
- Detecting material feed
- Detecting the feed of strip stock to blanking machines and presses
- Detecting on plastic blow-moulding machines

#### Counting / Detection

- Counting onlookers at freestanding sales displays or show cases
- Access supervision at rotating doors, counters etc.
- Door and lift automation
- Detecting transparent objects, foils, flat glass, bottles etc.
- Sensing objects in robot grippers
- Recognizing full or empty pallets
- Count and detect objects with 'difficult' surface
- Detect wrong parts on conveyors
- Collision protection on vehicles

#### Scanning of dimensions

- Determining the dimensions of packages
- Sensing the height of plants in automated green houses
- Measuring the volume of tree-trunks

#### Accessories (see also data sheet ,ACC')

#### Cables 4 pin with M8 screw connector, PUR:

With straight connector:	l=2m	Type KAB 2K4VGPUR
	l=5m	Type KAB 5K4VGPUR
With 90° connector:	l=2m	Type KAB 2K4VWPUR
	l=5m	Type KAB 5K4VWPUR

<u>Mounting bracket made of reinforced polyamide:</u> Type UPM

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