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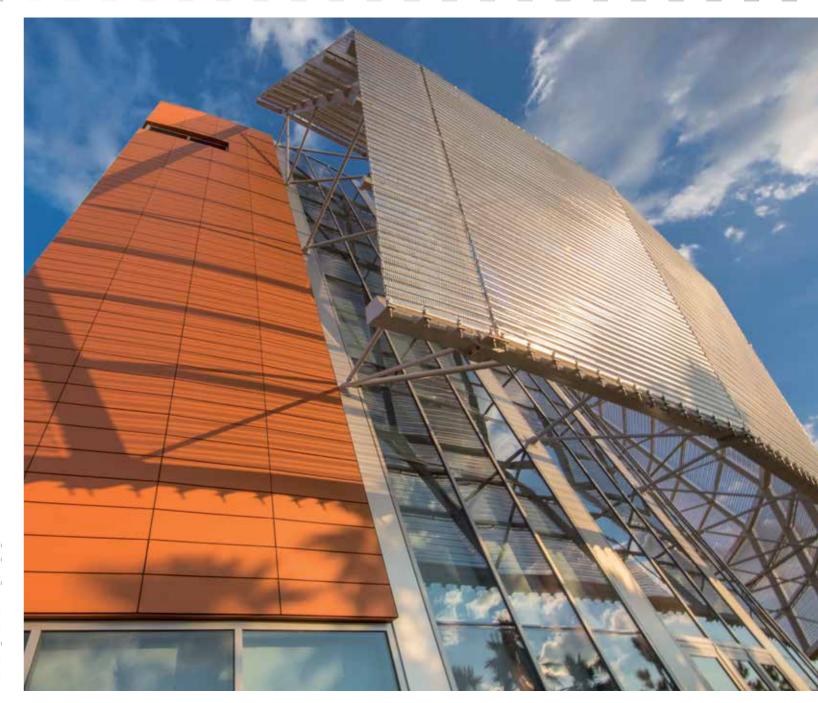
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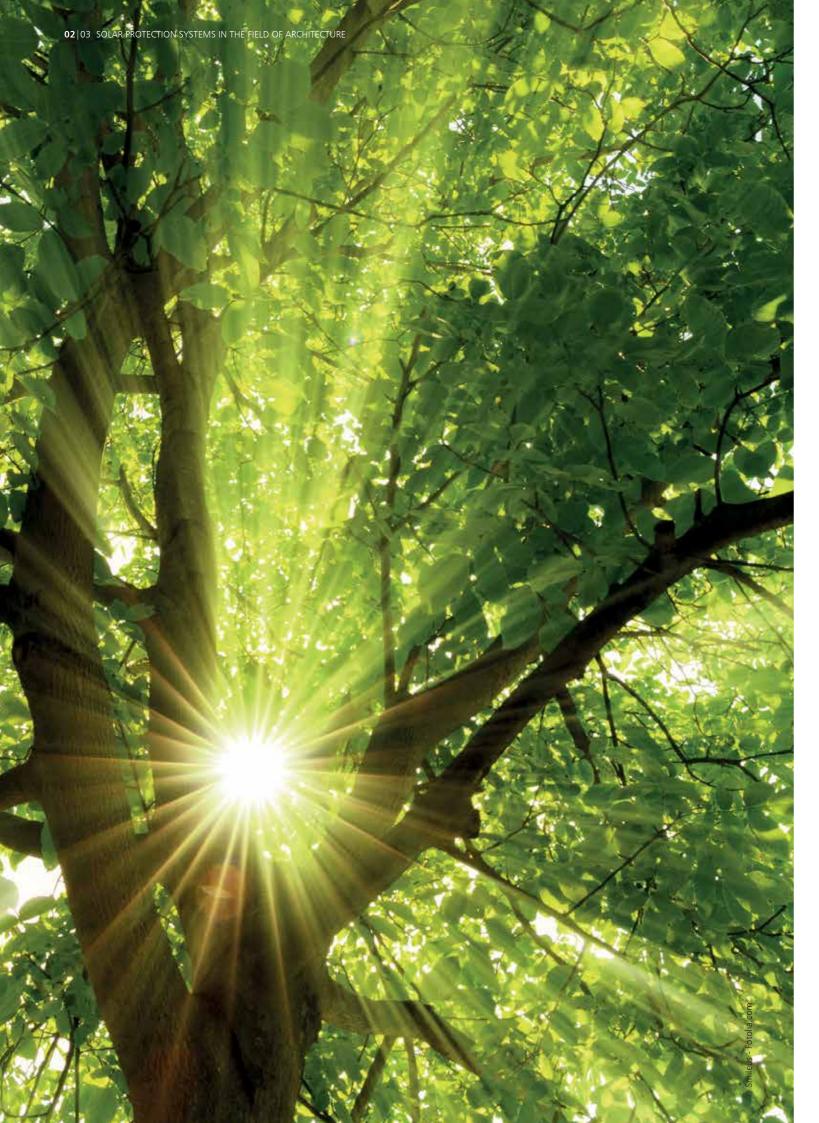
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SOLAR CONTROL WITH METAL MESH

BASICS | REQUIREMENTS | SOLUTIONS | REFERENCES







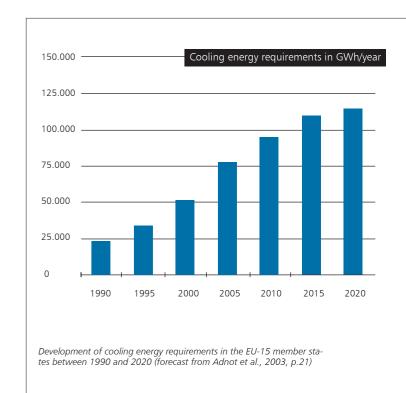


SOLAR PROTECTION SYSTEMS IN THE FIELD OF ARCHITECTURE

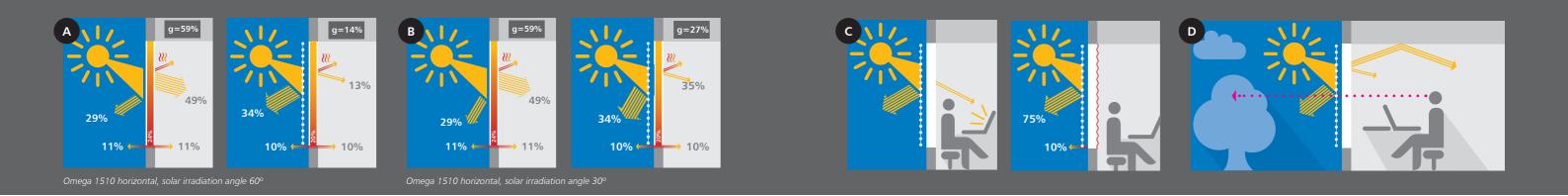
Modern workplace design starts with planning a well-conceived building shell and functional solar protection. After all, employees require glare-free monitor workplaces that still enable views to the outside. Our goal is to achieve optimum energy efficiency by using a maximum of sunlight and as little artificial lighting as possible. Rigid room partition configurations are also a thing of the past, as the focus now is on flexibility. At the same time, the outer shell is also to support energy-efficient climate control by allowing solar heat into the building in winter and screening the building from solar radiation during summer.

It is therefore important to incorporate a well-designed solar protection system, particularly for buildings with modern glass facades. In addition, efficient thermal management is becoming increasingly important in all kinds of buildings due to the high thermal loads caused by electrical equipment and lighting.

Besides creating a pleasant working atmosphere for employees, modern solar protection plays a key part in supporting sustainable energy efficiency concepts in buildings. Early and comprehensive planning of an individual solar protection concept is thus particularly important if the building in question is to achieve the requisite quality and efficiency.







REQUIREMENTS FOR SOLAR PROTECTION SYSTEMS

A THERMAL COMFORT PROTECTION FROM OVERHEATING IN SUMMER

Solar protection systems reflect thermal radiation before it reaches the actual building shell. To efficiently screen insulating glass surfaces, systems of this type have to be installed outside the glazing. Yet this is precisely where materials are exposed to all manner of environmental conditions, such as wind, rain, snow or frost. Choosing the right material is thus vital in securing the longevity of solar protection systems. GKD metal fabric is manufactured from stainless steel and so ideally suited to applications of this kind.

B USE OF SOLAR HEAT GAINS DURING THE HEATING PERIOD

So that the available solar heat energy can be used efficiently, the solar protection should be deactivated during the heating period. However, some form of screening may still be necessary to prevent glare. For this reason modern buildings often employ a combination of externally-mounted solar protection and internal glare screening. Thanks to their open structure, metal fabrics from GKD offer good screening when the sun is high in the sky and good solar heat gains when it is low.

G GLARE PROTECTION

Direct sunlight can cause glare, particularly for staff working on monitors. In consequence this can negatively affect work performance as well as overall well-being. A combination of solar protection and independent glare protection makes good sense. GKD metal fabrics are ideal for providing effective solar protection and can be combined with a large number of glare protection systems.

DAYLIGHT USAGE AND VISUAL CONTACT TO THE OUTSIDE WORLD

Controlling daylight and maintaining a clear outward view are important factors that can help staff feel comfortable at the workplace. In many countries these basic conditions are legally required for workplaces even when active solar protection systems are in place. In addition, daylight can help reduce power consumption in offices in two different ways. Firstly, it minimises the need for artificial lighting. Secondly, since less artificial lighting is used, less waste heat is generated. The open structure of GKD metal fabrics allow daylight to enter the building without restricting any outward views.

FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF SOLAR PROTECTION SYSTEMS Today solar protection systems are divided into four different categories

- 1. Exterior: The solar protection systems are installed outside the glazed surfaces.
- 2. Interior: The solar protection systems are installed inside the glazed surfaces.
- 3. Dynamic: The solar protection systems can be adapted to outside conditions and completely retracted if necessary.
- 4. Static: The solar protection systems are permanently installed in one position.

When planning an efficient solar protection concept, it is generally advisable to individually combine the different systems with one another. Thanks to their flexible and particularly hardwearing properties, GKD's metal fabrics can be used in all systems and combinations.



SOLAR PARAMETERS — STANDARDS AND PRINCIPLES

Sustainable building has become an important topic across the globe. In Europe, the bases for assessing solar protection systems and glazing are described in the following specific standards:

EN 410 Glass in building

EN 13363 Solar protection devices

EN 14501 Blinds and shutters - thermal and visual comfort

EN 13561 External blinds and awnings

The detailed requirements can vary quite markedly depending on the country and climate zone. They are set out in the following national requirements profiles, standards and directives:

Germany: ENEV 2014, BNB*1

Austria: OIB Directive 6, Technology*2

Switzerland: Minergie Standard

France: RT 2012

USA: ASHRAE 90.1-2010

As per EN 14501, the thermal and optical performance of a solar protection system is stated in combination with the following reference glazing types

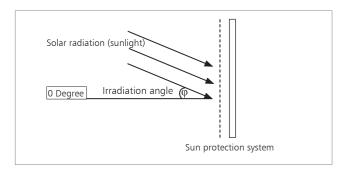
REFERENCE GLAZING	$W/(m^2K)$	g	τ_{e}	ρ_{e}	$\rho_e^{\scriptscriptstyle \text{I}}$
A	5.8	0.85	0.83	0.08	0.08
В	2.9	0.76	0.69	0.14	0.14
С	1.2	0.59	0.49	0.29	0.27
D	1.1	0.32	0.27	0.29	0.38

SOLAR PROTECTION CHARACTERISTICS OF GKD METAL FABRICS

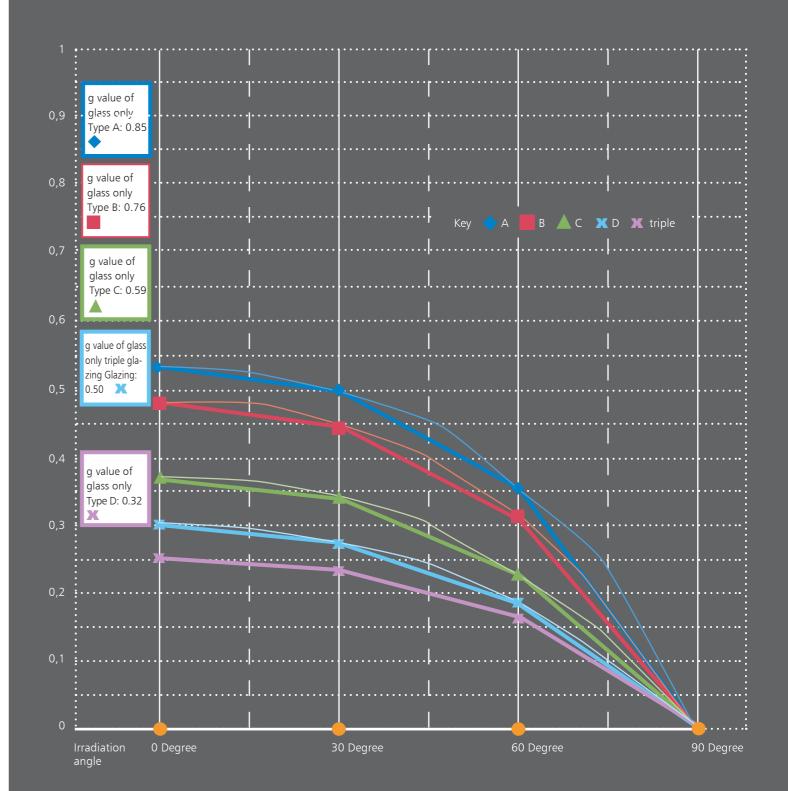
GKD metal fabrics are not only visually appealing, they also offer excellent solar radiation properties as per EN 410. They combine good to excellent solar protection characteristics with a pleasant outward view - particularly when the sun is high in the sky. When it is low in the sky during winter, solar heat

gains can be achieved, depending on the type of glazing used. Tests from independent institutes have repeatedly confirmed this.

The following formula can be used to calculate the solar parameters of a solar protection system for any type of glazing as per EN 13363-1:



$$egin{align} g_{t} &= r_{e_{1}B} \cdot g + lpha_{e_{1}B} \, rac{G}{G_{2}} + r_{e_{1}B} (1-g) rac{G}{G_{1}} = r \omega \ & \ lpha_{e_{1}B} &= 1 = r_{e_{1}B} =
ho_{e_{1}B} \ & \ G_{1} &= 5W/\left(m^{2} \cdot K
ight) \ & \ G_{2} &= 10W/\left(m^{2} \cdot K
ight) \ & \ G &= (rac{1}{U_{g}} + rac{1}{G_{1}} + rac{1}{G_{2}})^{-1} \ & \ \end{array}$$



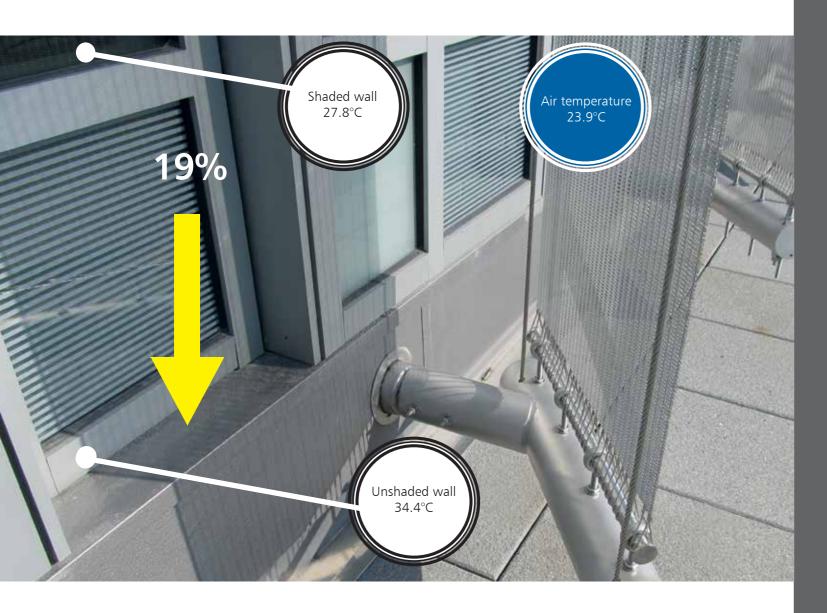
Overall energy transmittance based on the example of the "Omega 1520" horizontal weft wire metal fabric at various levels of sunlight in connection with reference glazing types A-D, as well as standard triple glazing with the following properties:

G value of glass TRIPLE GLAZING

$$U/(m^2 K)$$
 g τ_e ρ_e $\rho_e^{_1}$ 0.7 0.5 0.75 0.17 0.17

^{*1} Rating system for sustainable building / *2 City of Vienna solar protection guidelines





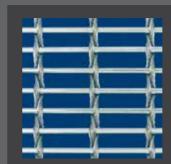
SHADING FUNCTION OF GKD METAL FABRICS

Modern facade-cladding materials generally allow the heat generated by solar radiation to enter the building very quickly. During the summer months or in climate zones with a lot of daily sunshine, additional cooling is required which has a negative impact on the building's energy balance. We are able to reduce this effect thanks to the shading function of our GKD metal fabrics. When used as solar protection systems, our architectural fabrics reduce the surface temperature of facades

significantly, which can also reduce the amount of insulation required for the building shell. In a practical test performed at the Eastern Michigan University (Ypsilanti, USA) in August at an outside air temperature of 23.9°C, GKD metal fabrics were able to reduce the wall temperature by 19%. Whereas a temperature of 34.4°C was measured on the non-shaded wall, the wall temperature in the shaded area was just 27.8°C.

TYPES OF METAL FABRICS AND CHARACTERISTICS

CABLE METAL FABRICS

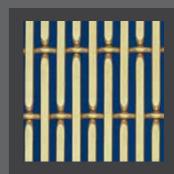


Flexible cable in one direction, monofilament wire in the other. These meshes are available in various wire diameters and mesh openings.

MATERIAL: Stainless steel

DIMENSIONS: Up to 8m wide; lengths of 30m and more are possible. These meshes are primarily suitable for large-area fixed elements, although roll-up solutions are also possible.

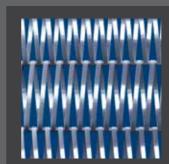
PC-METAL FABRICS



Monofilament wire in both directions. These meshes are available in various wire diameters and mesh openings. They are ideal as sliding shutters, folding shutters or segmented façades.

MATERIAL: Stainless steel or aluminium DIMENSIONS: For reasons of transport, the dimensions should not exceed 4m x 2m.

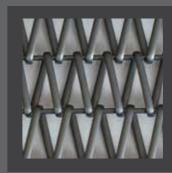
SPIRAL METAL FABRICS – ESCALE



The elements in the Escale 7x1 product range can be seamlessly combined to produce visually endless elements. They are particularly well-suited to 3D façades.

MATERIAL: Stainless steel or aluminium DIMENSIONS: Up to 6m wide; lengths are virtually endless.

SPIRAL METAL FABRICS – LICORNE



Spiralling flat wire in one direction and monofilament wire in the other. These meshes are available in various wire diameters and mesh openings. They are particularly well-suited to roll-up solutions.

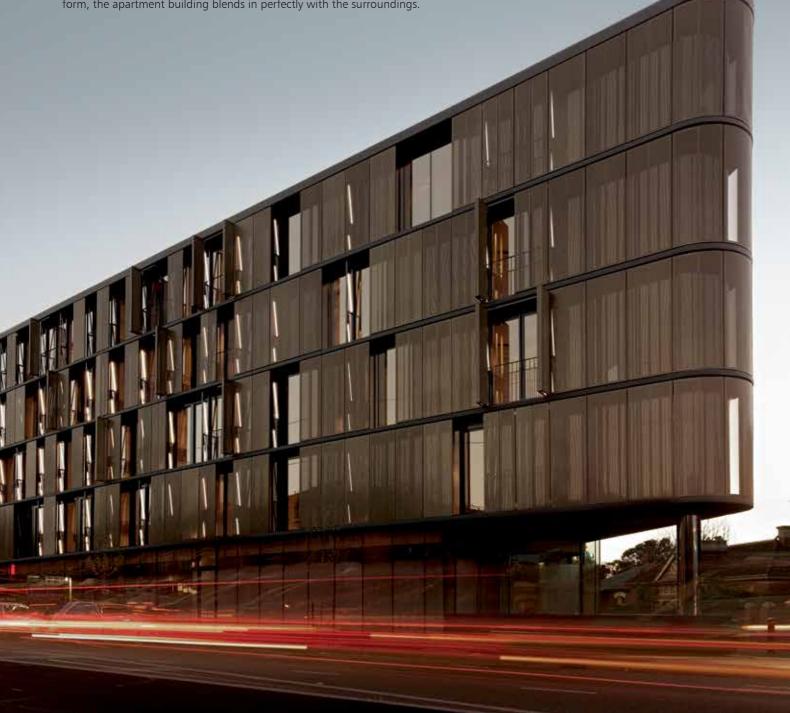
MATERIAL: Stainless steel or aluminium
Up to 4m wide; lengths are virtually endless.



LUNA APARTMENTS, MELBOURNE, AUSTRALIA

SLIDING ELEMENTS - FOLDING SHUTTERS

With our "ALU 6010" GKD aluminium fabrics, the Australian architects of this apartment building in Melbourne have demonstrated how solar protection, energy efficiency and a pleasing visual appearance can all harmoniously work together. The metal fabric was anodised in a batch process creating a bronze/gold shimmering effect. Around 300 visual and solar protection elements of various widths - some of which are movable - clad the glazed surface of approximately 600 square metres. Thanks to its tapering form, the apartment building blends in perfectly with the surroundings.



METAL FABRIC: ALU GOLD 6010





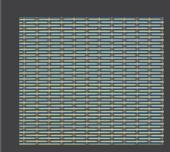
SOLAR PARAMETERS

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ш	Ш	Ш	MN	Ш	Ш	Ш	ш	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш

9 _{total}	Solar irra	diation ang	le
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.46	0.41	0.44
gtot C	0.35	0.35	0.33
gtot D	0.24	0.24	0.23

ALU 6010 | vertical alignment

Fc	Solar ir	radiation a	ngle
	0°	30°	60°
Fc B	0.60	0.53	0.57
Fc C	0.59	0.59	0.56
Fc D	0.74	0.73	0.71



ALU 6010 | horizontal alignment

9_{total}	Solar irr	radiation ar	ngle
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.46	0.36	0.24
gtot C	0.35	0.32	0.16
gtot D	0.24	0.22	0.12

Fc	Solar irra	diation and	gle
	0°	30°	60°
Fc B	0.60	0.48	0.31
Fc C	0.59	0.54	0.28
Fc D	0.74	0.68	0.38



LAKE NONA, ORLANDO, USA

THREE-DIMENSIONAL FACADE

Natural light incidence, outward transparency and optimum solar protection - these are the key characteristics offered by the "Escale 7x1" solar protection system at the Research Center in Lake Nona, Florida. The metal fabric is ideally suited to three-dimensional applications. The solar protection facade, which spans approximately 750 square metres, is made up of ten trapezoidal metal fabric panels that also lend the building its shimmer. The semi-transparent metal fabric wraps around the sickle-shaped front of the building like a protective shield. By reducing the intensity of solar radiation, GKD has made a significant contribution to the building's energy efficiency and thereby helped it obtain the LEED Platinum certification.

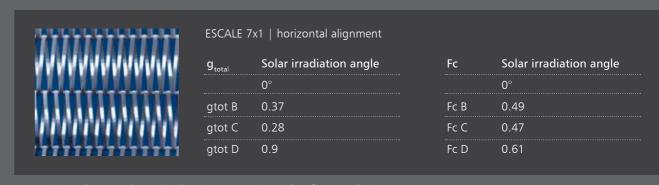


SOLAR PARAMETERS: ESCALE 7x1





SOLAR PARAMETERS



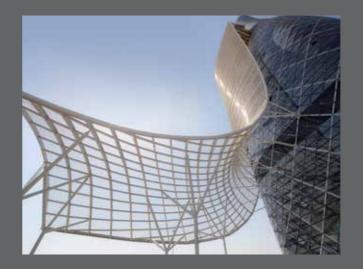
Determining the Fc and gtotal values in connection with reference glazing types B, C, D as per EN 14501

Architect: HOK Architects, images: ©GKD/NY Focus



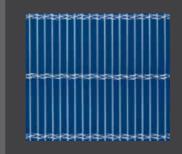


SOLAR PARAMETERS: TIGRIS 2100





SOLAR PARAMETERS



9_{total}	Solar irra	diation ang	ıle
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.59	0.56	0.57
gtot C	0.46	0.46	0.44
gtot D	0.31	0.31	0.30

TIGRIS | vertical alignment

Fc	Solar ir	radiation a	ngle
	0°	30°	60°
Fc B	0.78	0.73	0.75
Fc C	0.78	0.78	0.75
Fc D	0.97	0.96	0.93

Solar irradiation angle

0.71

0.75

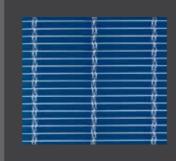
0.93

0.78

0.78 0.97 0.59

0.58

0.73



g_{total}	Solar irrac	le	Fc	
	0°	30°	60°	
gtot B	0.59	0.54	0.45	Fc B
gtot C	0.46	0.44	0.34	Fc C
gtot D	0.31	0.30	0.23	Fc D

Determining the Fc and gtotal values in connection with reference glazing types B, C, D as per EN 14501

TIGRIS | horizontal alignment



ASFINAG, INNSBRUCK, AUSTRIA

LARGE ROTATING FINS

In Innsbruck, a vertical GKD solar protection fabric is making a key contribution to the representative, efficient and sustainable façade cladding of a new office complex. The system employs 680 electrically adjustable fins that are covered in GKD's "PC-Omega" stainless steel fabric. These were fitted to a façade area of approximately 1,100 square metres. At GKD, we wove each element individually using three different mesh openings in each panel. This makes the metal frabric increasingly dense towards the top, thereby offering greater protection where it is needed. ASFINAG, which is responsible for managing and maintaining Austria's road network, put the building design out to tender in an architectural competition. Anyone wishing to tender had to meet strict requirements, as the client was looking for effective solar protection in combination with maximum transparency. The building concept was awarded the title "best architects 13".



METAL FABRIC: PC-OMEGA 1510-1520-1530





SOLAR PARAMETERS



OMEGA 1510 | vertical alignment

g_{total}	Solar irrac	liation ang	le
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.40	0.34	0.38
gtot C	0.30	0.30	0.28
gtot D	0.21	0.21	0,.19

Fc	Solar irra	diation and	gle
	0°	30°	60°
Fc B	0.52	0.44	0.49
Fc C	0.51	0.51	0.48
Fc D	0.64	0.64	0.61



OMEGA 1510 | horizontal alignment

9_{total}	Solar irra	diation ang	jle
	0°	30°	60
gtot B	0.40	0.30	0.2
gtot C	0.30	0.27	0.1
gtot D	0.21	0.19	0.1

Fc	Solar irrac	diation ang	le
	0°	30°	60°
Fc B	0.52	0.39	0.27
Fc C	0.51	0.46	0.23
Fc D	0.64	0.59	0.33



EUROPEAN COURT OF JUSTICE, LUXEMBOURG

DOUBLE-SKIN FACADE

Gold-anodised GKD aluminium fabric transforms the two office towers of the European Court of Justice in Luxembourg into purist, shimmering sculptures. Similarly to GKD's 6010 aluminium fabric, the type of material used here excels through its long service life, recyclability and low weight of just 2.6 kg/m2. The architect required a particularly lightweight metal fabric that could also be bent into a zigzag shape to offer maximum opaqueness from outside when looking into the two 24-storey office towers. The 7,724 panels (20,190 m2) were fitted between two window panes in the facade, where they also provide interesting reflective light effects.



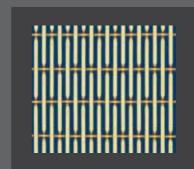
METAL FABRIC: ALU 6010





60° 0.57 0.56 0.71

SOLAR PARAMETERS



ALU 6010 Vertical alignment						
g _{total}		diation ang		Fc	Solar irrad	
	0°	30°	60°		0°	30°
gtot B	0.46	0.41	0.44	Fc B	0.60	0.53
gtot C	0.35	0.35	0.33	Fc C	0.59	0.59
gtot D	0.24	0.24	0.23	Fc D	0.74	0.73



ALU 6010 norizontal alignment							
g _{total}		diation angl		Fc		diation ang	
	0°	30°	60°		0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.46	0.36	0.24	Fc B	0.6	0.48	0.31
gtot C	0.35	0.32	0.16	Fc C	0.59	0.54	0.28
gtot D	0.24	0.22	0.12	Fc D	0.74	0.68	0.38



ONE NORTH BANK, SHEFFIELD, UK

TENSIONED VERTICAL LOUVRES

Solar protection systems made of GKD metal fabric do not always have to be installed parallel to the facade. At the One North Bank office building in Sheffield (UK), the architects chose to use 13 metal fabric panels, which were installed along the south-east facade of the building to trace the path of the sun. When selecting the material, they decided to go with GKD's "Escale 7x1" stainless steel fabric. When the sun strikes the building from the south at around midday, the 10.4 x 0.75 metre panels made of GKD spiral fabric offer optimum shading without restricting outward views. Effective solar protection has therefore been combined with an appealing architectural design here.

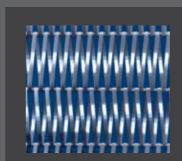


METAL FABRIC: ESCALE 7x1





SOLAR PARAMETERS



ESCALE 7x1 horizontal alignment				
$g_{\scriptscriptstyle total}$	Solar irradiation angle	Fc	Solar irradiation angle	
	0°		0°	
gtot B	0.37	Fc B	0.49	
gtot C	0.28	Fc C	0.47	
gtot D	0.19	Fc D	0.61	



SANRAL PRETORIA, SOUTH AFRICA

AXIALLY TWISTED METAL FABRIC

In South Africa's capital city of Pretoria, GKD's "Omega" stainless steel fabric lends an 8,500 square-metre new building its unmistakable character, while also providing protection from continuous solar radiation. To make the designer's vision a reality, some 161 individual elements of varying density were custom-woven and then installed in an axially-twisted configuration based on the angle of solar radiation. This not only provides the headquarters building of the South African National Roads Agency the greatest possible transparency, it also yields optimum solar radiation protection. The building was awarded a 4-star rating by the South African Green Building Council and also won the 2013 Fulton Award.



METAL FABRIC: OMEGA 1510-1520-1530





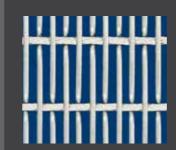
SOLAR PARAMETERS



OMEGA 1520	vertical	alignment

9 _{total}	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.49	0.44	0.45
gtot C	0.38	0.37	0.34
gtot D	0.26	0.25	0.23

Fc	Solar ir	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°	
Fc B	0.65	0.58	0.59	
Fc C	0.64	0.63	0.58	
Fc D	0.80	0.79	0.73	



OMEGA 1520 | horizontal alignment

g _{total}	Solar irı	radiation a	ngle
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.49	0.41	0.32
gtot C	0.38	0.35	0.23
gtot D	0.26	0.24	0.17

Fc	Solar irradiation angle			
	0°	30°	60°	
Fc B	0.65	0.53	0.42	
Fc C	0.64	0.59	0.40	
Fc D	0.80	0.74	0.52	



RABOBANK GELDROP, THE NETHERLANDS

ROLL-UP SOLAR PROTECTION

GKD's "Licorne 13a" aluminium fabric is particularly well suited to roller applications – such as the rollable elements of the modernised Rabobank building in Geldrop (Netherlands). The architects designed a complete facade with floorlength windows around an existing building. These windows were to be equipped with a movable solar protection system, employing rollers guided in rails, that underlines the transparent character of the new building shell. This is why the architects elected to go with Licorne 13a, a GKD spiral fabric that boasts excellent solar protection properties without restricting outward views. The 47 metal fabric panels were silver-anodised, which allows them to fit in seamlessly with the overall image. The building concept was awarded BREEAM certification as "Very Good".

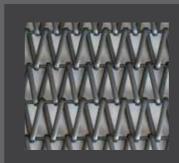


METAL FABRIC: LICORNE 13a





CHARACTERISTIC SOLAR VALUES



LICORNE 13a	horizontal	alignment
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$g_{\scriptscriptstyle total}$	Solar irradiation angle
	0°
gtot B	0.30
gtot C	0.22
gtot D	0.15

Fc	Solar irradiation angle
	0°
Fc B	0.39
Fc C	0.37
Fc D	0.48



AMERICAN AIRLINES ARENA, MIAMI, USA

TRANSPARENT MEDIA FACADES

The first large and transparent media facade in the USA was created at the American Airlines Arena in Miami using MEDIAMESH® from GKD. Almost 320 square metres of stainless steel mesh with integrated LED profiles trace the contours of the glazed arena. The media facade offers optimum image resolution that guarantees sharp and bright images, both during the day and at night. With its 70% transparency, the facade with display function also gives an unobstructed outward view from the lounges, yet still provides effective solar protection. The fact that it requires no maintenance and consumes very little energy was also a key factor behind the decision to go with the mesh. Thanks to its weather resistance, GKD MEDIAMESH® is also able to withstand the region's annual hurricanes, during which wind speeds of up to 145mph are commonly experienced.



MEDIAMESH: V5-H4.25





SOLAR PARAMETERS



MEDIAMESH V5 – H4,25 | horizontal alignment

9 _{total}	Solar irradiation angle			Fc	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°		0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.59	0.54	0.45	Fc B	0.78	0.71	0.59
9.01.0	0.46	0.44	0.34	Fc C	0.78	0.75	0.58
gtot D	0.31	0.30	0.23	Fc D	0.97	0.93	0.73