# PERIODONTICS (PER)

### PERIODONTAL DISEASE MODEL



### PE-PER001

#### Features

- •Peelable buccal/lingual gingiva and transparent jaw allows excellent view of recessed alveolar bone condition, exposed roots and subgingival calculus
- Anatomically rooted teeth with calculus

#### Purpose

- •For explaining periodontal disease condition to patients
- •Brushing demonstration for gingivitis and periodontitis
- •Explain subgingival calculus condition
- •Allows effective patient education by comparing with x-ray



Periodontal pockets & clefts Inflamed gingiva &



Alveolar bone resorption & Brushing demonstration subgingival calculus



### PERIODONTAL DISEASE MODEL



gingival recession

### PE-PER010

- •Cross-sectioned model showing normal periodontal condition ⇒ advanced periodontitis and bone resorption in a series of 5 stages
- •Model also shows a tooth with occlusal trauma on the far right

#### Purpose

- •Explains early ⇒ severe stages of periodontal disease
- ·Buccal side: shows the gradual worsening of the actual periodontal condition going on inside
- •Lingual side: shows the outward appearance of the oral cavity, and explain that detection is only possible with pocket probing and x-rays



Comparison of healthy condition Early periodontitis and gingivitis





Moderate periodontitis



Advanced periodontitis



### PERIODONTAL DISEASE MODEL



### Features

- •Peelable recessed gingiva allows view of calculus, exposed roots and bone resorption
- •Anatomically rooted teeth with calculus
- •Missing lower left 1st molar area causing supereruption of upper left 1st molar resulting in elongated tooth condition

### Purpose

- •Explain severe periodontal disease and subgingival calculus
- •Brushing demonstration for periodontitis

### PERIODONTAL DISEASE MODEL



### PE-PER004

#### Features

- •Transparent jaw and gingiva to show the roots and impacted tooth
- •Missing tooth condition on lower right premolar (#44) •Horizontally impacted 3rd molar (#38) on lower left posterior
- •Gingival recession condition exposing dental calculus and roots •Soft and flexible gingiva can be peeled back to see the periodontal condition

### Purpose

- •To show and explain periodontal disease conditions (gingival recession, bone resorption, calculus deposit) to patients
- •To show and explain the adverse effects of horizontally impacted wisdom tooth as well as missing tooth

### PATHOLOGICAL STUDY MODEL



### PE-PER005

#### Features

- •Inflamed gingiva with recession and tooth brushing abrasion on right quadrant shows view of dental calculus and exposed roots
- Normal condition with healthy gingiva shown on left quadrant

### Purpose

- •For explaining dental root exposure as a result of gingival retraction
- ·Allows easy comparison of diseased side with healthy side

### PERIODONTAL DISEASE MODEL



## PE-PER006

### Features

•Inflamed gingiva with calculus and calculus deposit

### Purpose

- •For educating brushing for gingivitis and periodontitis conditions
- •Explain calculus deposit condition